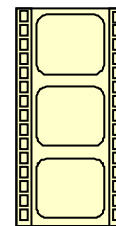


VERB «TO BE»



• VERB TO BE

Hello children!

Us he preparat aquest exercici per treballar el verb «To be», on podeu repassar tot el que ja sabem d'aquest verb.

•Què he de fer?

De les pàgines 3 fin la 9 hi ha el verb en present, la forma curta, la negativa i la forma interrogativa.

A la pàgina 10 hi ha un quadre resum de tota la lliçó.

A la onzena exercicis per fer online.

Pel que fa a la pàgina icicial:

Si cliqueu al llangardaix hi ha un exercici on heu de triar la forma correcta .

Si cliqueu al cargolet hi ha un altre exercici on a més de posar el verb també hi ha adjectius que ja els vam treballar en la lliçó anterior.

Si cliqueu al cotxe us portarà a un exercici on hi ha adjectius per completar frases, per descriure llocs, persones i coses

Si cliqueu a la nota musical podreu escoltar una cançó que si cliqueu a sobre de la floreta us posarà els sububtítols en anglès i us facilitarà la comprensió.

Amb un clic a la pel·lícula podreu veure un video que us explicarà totes les formes del verb to be.

Recorda: A la part de baix i a la dreta dels vídeos hi ha una floreta on molts cops pots veure traduït el que diuen, bé en anglès o en castellà, i també pots reduir la velocitat per poder escoltar-ho més poc a poc i millor.

To Be - Affirmative

Subject	To Be	Examples
I	am	I am from New Zealand.
You	are	You are Chilean.
He	is	He is twenty years old.
She	is	She is a nurse.
It	is	It is a big dog.
We	are	We are intelligent.
You	are	You are students.
They	are	They are married.

To Be - Contractions

To Be	To Be	Contraction
I am	I '(a)m	I'm
You are	You' (a)re	You're
He is	He' (i)s	He's
She is	She '(i)s	She's
It is	It' (i)s	It's
We are	We '(a)re	We're
You are	You '(a)re	You're
They are	They '(a)re	They're

To Be - Contractions

Contractions of **To Be** are very frequent when we are speaking.

To Be	Contraction	Examples
I am	I'm	I'm from New Zealand.
You are	You're	You're Chilean.
He is	He's	He's twenty years old.
She is	She's	She's a nurse.
It is	It's	It's a big dog.
We are	We're	We're intelligent.
You are	You're	You're students.
They are	They're	They're married.

To Be - Negative Sentences

The negative of **To Be** can be made by adding **not** after the verb.

Subject	To Be	Examples
I	am not	I am not from Spain.
You	are not	You are not Australian.
He	is not	He is not thirty years old.
She	is not	She is not a secretary.
It	is not	It is not a small cat.
We	are not	We are not stupid.
You	are not	You are not teachers.
They	are not	They are not single.

To Be - Negative Contractions

There are two ways of forming contractions of **To Be** in negative sentences.

One is with a contraction of the **subject** and the **verb** (e.g. I am = I'm)

OR

a contraction of the **verb** and **not** (e.g. are not = aren't)

I'm not from Spain.	---	-----*
You're not Australian.	OR	You aren't Australian.
He's not thirty years old.	OR	He isn't thirty years old.
She's not a secretary.	OR	She isn't a secretary.
It's not a small cat.	OR	It isn't a small cat.
We're not stupid.	OR	We aren't stupid.
You're not teachers.	OR	You aren't teachers.
They're not single.	OR	They aren't single.

* Notice that the only possible contraction for **I am not** is **I'm not**.

To Be - Questions

To create questions with **To Be**, you put the **Verb** before the **Subject**.

Affirmative	You	are	happy.
	<i>Subject</i>	<i>Verb</i>	
Question	Are	you	happy?
	<i>Verb</i>	<i>Subject</i>	

Affirmative	Question
I am intelligent.	Am I intelligent?
You are a student.	Are you a student?
He is a pilot.	Is he a pilot?
She is from Spain.	Is she from Spain?
It is a big house.	Is it a big house?
We are ready.	Are we ready?
You are doctors.	Are you doctors?
They are rich.	Are they rich?

To Be - Short Answers

In spoken English, we usually give short answers in response to questions.

Are you a student? - Yes, I am (a student).

The last part (a student) is not necessary.

We use short answers to avoid repetition, when the meaning is clear.

Question	Short Answers**	Short Answers
Am I intelligent?	Yes, you are.	No, you aren't.
Are you a student?	Yes, I am.	No, I am not.
Is he a pilot?	Yes, he is.	No, he isn't.
Is she from Spain?	Yes, she is.	No, she isn't.
Is it a big house?	Yes, it is.	No, it isn't.
Are we ready?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Are you doctors?	Yes, we are.	No, we aren't.
Are they rich?	Yes, they are.	No, they aren't.

** With **To Be**, We don't use contractions in **affirmative** short answers unless there is additional information after it (in which case they are no longer considered short answers).

TO BE Simple Present Tense



AFFIRMATIVE

NEGATIVE

SINGULAR

I am happy.
 You are at school.
 He is hungry.
 She is a nurse.
 It is big.

I am not sad.
 You aren't at home.
 He isn't thirsty.
 She isn't a pilot.
 It isn't small.

Contraction of "am not" is not possible
~~amn't~~

isn't = is not

PLURAL

We are early.
 You are students.
 They are quiet.

We aren't late.
 You aren't teachers.
 They aren't noisy.

aren't = are not

QUESTIONS

+ Affirmative They are happy.

She is rich.

? Question Are they happy ?

Is she rich ?

Short Answer Yes, they are / No, they aren't

Yes, she is / No, she isn't

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CONTRACTIONS

I am not...	He is not...	You are not...	We are not...	They are not...
I'm not...	He's not...	You're not...	We're not...	They're not...
X (not possible)	He isn't...	You aren't...	We aren't...	They aren't...

EXERCISES

- 1. [To be - present : exercises](#)

- 1. [To be - present forms #](#)

- 1. [To be - write : am - is - are](#)

- 1. [Write: am / is / are](#)

- 1. [To be - present simple](#)

- 1. [To be: am / is / are](#)

- 1. [To be - contracted forms](#)

- 1. [Am - is - are exercises](#)

- 1. [To be present: forms and pronouns](#)